

BEFORE THE DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES,
THE DEPARTMENT OF LAND CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT OF
THE STATE OF OREGON

IN THE MATTER OF THE CLAIM FOR) FINAL ORDER A
COMPENSATION UNDER ORS 197.352) CLAIM NO. M 118698
(BALLOT MEASURE 37) OF)
Philip J. Weigand, CLAIMANT)

Claimant: Philip J. Weigand (the Claimant)

Property: Township 15S, Range 14E, Section 23, Tax lot 1000, Crook County
(the property)

Claim: The demand for compensation and any supporting information received
from the Claimant by the State of Oregon (the Claim).

Claimant submitted the Claim to the State of Oregon under ORS 197.352. Under OAR 125-145-0010 *et seq.*, the Department of Administrative Services (DAS) referred the Claim to the Department of Land Conservation and Development (DLCD) as the regulating entity. This order is based on the record herein, including the Findings and Conclusions set forth in the Final Staff Report and Recommendation of DLCD (the DLCD Report) attached to and by this reference incorporated into this order.

ORDER

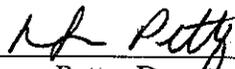
The Claim is denied as to laws administered by DLCD and the Land Conservation and Development Commission (LCDC) for the reasons set forth in the DLCD Report.

This Order is entered by the Director of the DLCD as a final order of DLCD and the Land Conservation and Development Commission under ORS 197.352, OAR 660-002-0010(8), and OAR chapter 125, division 145, and by the Deputy Administrator for the State Services Division of the DAS as a final order of DAS under ORS 197.352, OAR chapter 125, division 145, and ORS chapter 293.

FOR DLCD AND THE LAND
CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT
COMMISSION:


Lane Shetterly, Director
DLCD
Dated this 10th day of May, 2006.

FOR the DEPARTMENT OF
ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES:


Dugan Petty, Deputy Administrator
DAS, State Services Division
Dated this 10th day of May, 2006.

NOTICE OF RIGHT TO APPEAL OR OTHER JUDICIAL RELIEF

You are entitled, or may be entitled, to the following judicial remedies:

1. Judicial review under ORS 183.484: Judicial review under ORS 183.484 may be obtained by filing a petition for review within 60 days from the service of this order. A petition for judicial review under ORS 183.484 may be filed in the Circuit Court for Marion County or the Circuit Court in the county in which you reside.
2. A cause of action under ORS 197.352 (Measure 37 (2004)): If a land use regulation continues to apply to the subject property more than 180 days after the present owner of the property has made written demand for compensation under ORS 197.352¹, the present owner of the property, or any interest therein, shall have a cause of action in the circuit court in which the real property is located.

(Copies of the documents that comprise the record are available for review at the Department's office at 635 Capitol Street NE, Suite 150, Salem, Oregon 97301-2540)

¹ By order of the Marion County Circuit Court, "all time lines under Measure 37 [were] suspended indefinitely" on October 25, 2005. This suspension was lifted on March 13, 2006 by the court. As a result, a period of 139 days (the number of days the time lines were suspended) has been added to the 180-day time period under ORS 197.352(6) for claims that were pending with the state on October 25, 2005.

ORS 197.352 (BALLOT MEASURE 37) CLAIM FOR COMPENSATION
OREGON DEPARTMENT OF LAND CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT
Final Staff Report and Recommendation

May 10, 2006

STATE CLAIM NUMBER: M118698
Report A¹

NAME OF CLAIMANT: Philip J. Weigand

MAILING ADDRESS: 9041 Southwest Powell Butte Highway
Powell Butte, Oregon 97753

PROPERTY IDENTIFICATION: Township 15S, Range 14E, Section 23
Tax lot 1000
Crook County

DATE RECEIVED BY DAS: June 30, 2005

180-DAY DEADLINE: May 15, 2006²

I. SUMMARY OF CLAIM

The claimant, Philip J. Weigand, seeks compensation in the amount of \$350,000 for the reduction in fair market value as a result of land use regulations that are alleged to restrict the use of certain private real property. The claimant desires compensation or the right to develop a restaurant and office building on the 1.78-acre subject property. The property is located on Highway 126, near Powell Butte, in Crook County. (See claim.)

II. SUMMARY OF STAFF RECOMMENDATION

Based on the findings and conclusions set forth below, the Department of Land Conservation and Development (the department) has determined that the claim is not valid because current land use regulations do not restrict the claimant's use of the property relative to what was permitted when the claimant acquired the subject property in 1988.

¹ This is the first of two companion Reports A and B issued to address two claims made by the claimant.

² This date reflects 180 days from the date the claim was submitted, as extended by the 139 days that all timelines under Measure 37 were suspended during the pendency of *MacPherson v. Dept. of Admin. Svcs.*, 340 Or 117 (2006).

III. COMMENTS ON THE CLAIM

Comments Received

On August 18, 2005, pursuant to Oregon Administrative Rules (OAR) 125-145-0080, the Oregon Department of Administrative Services (DAS) provided written notice to the owners of surrounding properties. According to DAS, three written comments, evidence or information were received in response to the 10-day notice.

The comments do not address whether the claim meets the criteria for relief under ORS 197.352. Comments concerning the effects a use of the property may have on surrounding areas are generally not something that the department is able to consider in determining whether to waive a state law. If funds do become available to pay compensation, then such effects may become relevant in determining which claims to pay compensation for instead of waive a state law. (See the comment letters in the department's claim file.)

IV. TIMELINESS OF CLAIM

Requirement

ORS 197.352(5) requires that a written demand for compensation be made:

1. For claims arising from land use regulations enacted prior to the effective date of Measure 37 (December 2, 2004), within two years of that effective date or the date the public entity applies the land use regulation as an approval criteria to an application submitted by the owner, whichever is later; or
2. For claims arising from land use regulations enacted after the effective date of Measure 37 (December 2, 2004), within two years of the enactment of the land use regulation, or the date the owner of the property submits a land use application in which the land use regulation is an approval criteria, whichever is later.

Findings of Fact

This claim was submitted to DAS on June 30, 2005, for processing under OAR 125, division 145. The claim identifies specific Crook County Ordinances 2, 5 and 18 as the basis for the claim. Only laws that were enacted or adopted prior to December 2, 2004, are the basis for this claim.

Conclusions

The claim has been submitted within two years of the effective date of Measure 37 (December 2, 2004), based on land use regulations enacted or adopted prior to December 2, 2004, and is therefore timely filed.

V. ANALYSIS OF CLAIM

1. Ownership

ORS 197.352 provides for payment of compensation or relief from specific laws for “owners” as that term is defined in ORS 197.352. ORS 197.352(11)(C) defines “owner” as “the present owner of the property, or any interest therein.”

Findings of Fact

The claimant, Philip Weigand, acquired the subject property from Weigand Ranches, Inc., on September 2, 1988, as reflected by a bargain and sale deed included with the claim. Weigand Ranches, Inc. acquired the property from Philip Weigand on December 14, 1986, as reflected by a bargain and sale deed included with the claim. A March 30, 2005, title report submitted with the claim establishes the claimant’s current ownership.

Conclusions

The claimant, Philip Weigand, is an “owner” of the subject property as that term is defined by ORS 197.352(11)(C) as of September 2, 1988. Weigand Ranches, Inc. is a “family member” of the claimant, as that term is defined by ORS 197.352 (11)(A), as of December, 14, 1986.³

2. The Laws That are the Basis for This Claim

In order to establish a valid claim, ORS 197.352(1) requires, in part, that a law must restrict the claimant’s use of private real property in a manner that reduces the fair market value of the property relative to how the property could have been used at the time the claimant or a family member acquired the property.

Findings of Fact

The claim indicates that the claimant desires to build a restaurant and office building on the 1.78-acre property, which the claim asserts is not allowed under three Crook County Exclusive Farm Use (EFU) ordinances.

The claim is based generally on Crook County’s current EFU zone and the applicable provisions of state law that require such zoning. The claimant’s property is zoned EFU as required by Statewide Planning Goal 3 (Agricultural Lands) in accordance with ORS 215 and OAR 660, division 33, because the claimant’s property is “agricultural land” as defined by Goal 3.⁴ Goal 3

³ As reflected by a deed submitted with the claim, the claimant initially acquired the subject property in 1951, before transferring it to Weigand Ranches, Inc., in 1986. However, under ORS 197.352(11)(C), an “owner” that is a corporate entity cannot claim an individual as a “family member,” as defined in ORS 197.352(11)(A). Therefore, while the corporation is a “family member” of Philip Weigand with regard to his current ownership of the property as an individual transferring the property to the corporation in 1986, Philip Weigand cannot be considered a “family member” of the corporation.

⁴ The claimant’s property is “agricultural land” because it contains National Resources Conservation Service Class I-IV soils.

became effective on January 25, 1975, and required that agricultural lands as defined by the Goal be zoned EFU pursuant to ORS 215.

ORS 215.283 establishes uses that are allowed in EFU zones. ORS 215.283(2)(a) provides that, subject to approval by the local governing body, "commercial activities that are in conjunction with farm use" may be allowed in an EFU zone. With some limited exceptions related primarily to commercial utility facilities, commercial activities not in conjunction with farm use are prohibited in an EFU zone.

When the claimant's family acquired the subject property in 1986 and when the claimant acquired it in 1988, ORS 215.213(2)(c) provided the same restrictions on commercial uses on EFU-zoned land as is currently set forth in ORS 215.283(2)(a). Specifically, at those times, ORS 215.213(2)(c) authorized local government to allow "commercial activities that are in conjunction with farm use," subject to reasonable standards. As with the current standard, at those times, commercial activities not in conjunction with farm use were not permitted in an EFU zone.

Conclusions

The current zoning requirements established by Goal 3, ORS 215 and OAR 660, division 33, were all enacted or adopted after the claimant's family acquired the subject property in 1986 and do not allow the claimant's desired development of the property. However, these regulations similarly restricted the claimant's use of the subject property when he acquired the subject property in 1988 and when his family acquired it in 1986. Therefore, current land use regulations do not restrict the claimant's use of the property relative to what was permitted when the claimant acquired the subject property in 1988.

3. Effect of Regulations on Fair Market Value

In order to establish a valid claim, ORS 197.352(1) requires that any land use regulation described in Section V.(2) of this report must have "the effect of reducing the fair market value of the property, or any interest therein."

Findings of Fact

The claim includes an estimate of \$350,000 as the reduction in the property's fair market value due to current regulations. This amount is based on an estimate from a realtor.

Conclusions

As explained in Section V.(1) of this report, the claimant, Philip Weigand, acquired the subject property in 1988, and his family acquired it in 1986. No state laws enacted or adopted since the claimant or his family acquired the subject property restrict the use of the property relative to the uses allowed in 1986 and 1988. Therefore, the fair market value of the property has not been reduced as a result of land use regulations enforced by the Land Conservation and Development Commission (the Commission) or the department.

4. Exemptions Under ORS 197.352(3)

ORS 197.352 does not apply to certain land use regulations. In addition, under ORS 197.352(3), certain types of laws are exempt from ORS 197.352.

Findings of Fact

The claim does not identify any state land use regulations enacted or adopted since the claimant or his family acquired the property that restrict the claimant's desired use of the property relative to what would have been allowed when he or his family acquired the property in 1986 and 1988. As set forth in Section V.(2) of this report, state land use regulations that restrict the claimant's desired use of the subject property today also restricted that use in 1986 and 1988.

Conclusions

All of the state land use regulations that restrict the claimant's desired use of the subject property were in effect when the claimant and his family acquired the property. Therefore, these state land use regulations are exempt under ORS 19.352(3)(E), which exempts laws in effect when the claimant or his family acquired the subject property.

VI. FORM OF RELIEF

ORS 197.352(1) provides for payment of compensation to an owner of private real property if the Commission or the department has enforced laws that restrict the use of the property in a manner that reduces its fair market value. In lieu of compensation, the department may choose to not apply the law in order to allow the present owner to carry out a use of the property permitted at the time the current owner acquired the property. The Commission, by rule, has directed that if the department determines a claim is valid, the Director of the department must provide only non-monetary relief unless and until funds are appropriated by the legislature to pay claims.

Findings of Fact

Based on the findings and conclusions set forth in this report, laws enforced by the Commission or the department do not restrict the claimant's desired use of the subject property relative to what was permitted when the claimant acquired it in 1988 and do not reduce the fair market value of the property. All state laws restricting the use of the subject property are exempt under ORS 197.352(3)(E).

Conclusions

Based on the findings and conclusions set forth in this report, the claimant has not established that he is entitled to relief under ORS 197.352(1) as a result of land use regulations enforced by the Commission or the department. Therefore, department staff recommends that this claim be denied.

VII. COMMENTS ON THE DRAFT STAFF REPORT

The department issued its draft staff report on this claim on April 24, 2006. OAR 125-145-0100(3), provided an opportunity for the claimant or the claimant's authorized agent and any third parties who submitted comments under OAR 125-145-0080 to submit written comments, evidence and information in response to the draft staff report and recommendation. Comments received have been taken into account by the department in the issuance of this final report.

BEFORE THE DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES,
THE DEPARTMENT OF LAND CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT OF
THE STATE OF OREGON

IN THE MATTER OF THE CLAIM FOR)	FINAL ORDER B
COMPENSATION UNDER ORS 197.352)	CLAIM NO. M118698
(BALLOT MEASURE 37) OF)	
Philip J. Weigand, CLAIMANT)	

Claimant: Philip J. Weigand (the Claimant)

Property: Township 15S, Range 14E, Section 22, Tax lot 700, Crook County (the Property)

Claim: The demand for compensation and any supporting information received from the Claimant by the State of Oregon (the Claim).

Claimant submitted the Claim to the State of Oregon under ORS 197.352. Under OAR 125-145-0010 *et seq.*, the Department of Administrative Services (DAS) referred the Claim to the Department of Land Conservation and Development (DLCD) as the regulating entity. This order is based on the record herein, including the Findings and Conclusions set forth in the Final Staff Report and Recommendation of DLCD (the DLCD Report) attached to and by this reference incorporated into this order.

ORDER

The Claim is approved as to laws administered by DLCD and the Land Conservation and Development Commission (LCDC) for the reasons set forth in the DLCD Report, and subject to the following terms:

1. In lieu of compensation under ORS 197.352, the State of Oregon will not apply the following laws to Philip Weigand's partition of the 39.4-acre property into four approximately 10-acre parcels: applicable provisions of Goal 3, ORS 215 and OAR 660, division 33, enacted or adopted after December 27, 1989. These land use regulations will not apply to the claimant only to the extent necessary to allow him to use the subject property for the use described in this report, and only to the extent that use was permitted when he acquired the property on December 27, 1989.
2. The action by the State of Oregon provides the state's authorization to the claimant to use the property, subject to the standards in effect on December 27, 1989. On that date, the property was subject to compliance with Crook County's acknowledged EFU zone and the applicable provisions of Goal 3, ORS 215 and OAR 660, division 5, then in effect.
3. To the extent that any law, order, deed, agreement or other legally enforceable public or private requirement provides that the subject property may not be used without a permit, license or other form of authorization or consent, the order will not authorize the use of the property unless the claimant first obtains that permit, license or other form of authorization or consent.

Such requirements may include, but are not limited to: a building permit, a land use decision, a permit as defined in ORS 215.402 or 227.160, other permits or authorizations from local, state or federal agencies and restrictions on the use of the subject property imposed by private parties.

4. Any use of the subject property by the claimant under the terms of the order will remain subject to the following laws: (a) those laws not specified in (1) above; (b) any laws enacted or enforced by a public entity other than the Commission or the department; and (c) those laws not subject to ORS 197.352 including, without limitation, those laws exempted under ORS 197.352(3).

5. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing terms and conditions, in order for the claimant to use the subject property, it may be necessary for him to obtain a decision under ORS 197.352 from a city and/or county and/or metropolitan service district that enforces land use regulations applicable to the property. Nothing in this order relieves the claimant from the necessity of obtaining a decision under ORS 197.352 from a local public entity that has jurisdiction to enforce a land use regulation applicable to a use of the property by the claimant.

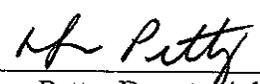
This Order is entered by the Director of the DLCD as a final order of DLCD and the Land Conservation and Development Commission under ORS 197.352, OAR 660-002-0010(8), and OAR 125, division 145, and by the Deputy Administrator for the State Services Division of the DAS as a final order of DAS under ORS 197.352, OAR 125, division 145, and ORS 293.

FOR DLCD AND THE LAND CONSERVATION
AND DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION:



Lane Shetterly, Director
DLCD
Dated this 10th day of May, 2006.

FOR the DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE
SERVICES:



Dugan Petty, Deputy Administrator
DAS, State Services Division
Dated this 10th day of May, 2006.

NOTICE OF RIGHT TO APPEAL OR OTHER JUDICIAL RELIEF

You are entitled, or may be entitled, to judicial remedies including the following:

1. Judicial review under ORS 183.484: Judicial review under ORS 183.484 may be obtained by filing a petition for review within 60 days from the service of this order. A petition for judicial review under ORS 183.484 may be filed in the Circuit Court for Marion County or the Circuit Court in the county in which you reside.
2. A cause of action under ORS 197.352 (Measure 37 (2004)): If a land use regulation continues to apply to the subject property more than 180 days after the present owner of the property has made written demand for compensation under ORS 197.352¹, the present owner of the property, or any interest therein, shall have a cause of action in the circuit court in which the real property is located.

(Copies of the documents that comprise the record are available for review at the Department's office at 635 Capitol Street NE, Suite 150, Salem, Oregon 97301-2540)

FOR INFORMATION ONLY

The Oregon Department of Justice has advised the Department of Land Conservation and Development that “[i]f the current owner of the real property conveys the property before the new use allowed by the public entity is established, then the entitlement to relief will be lost.”

¹ By order of the Marion County Circuit Court, “all time lines under Measure 37 [were] suspended indefinitely” on October 25, 2005. This suspension was lifted on March 13, 2006 by the court. As a result, a period of 139 days (the number of days the time lines were suspended) has been added to the 180-day time period under ORS 197.352(6) for claims that were pending with the state on October 25, 2005.

ORS 197.352 (BALLOT MEASURE 37) CLAIM FOR COMPENSATION

**OREGON DEPARTMENT OF LAND CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT
Final Staff Report and Recommendation**

May 10, 2006

STATE CLAIM NUMBER: M118698
Report B¹

NAME OF CLAIMANT: Philip J. Weigand

MAILING ADDRESS: 9041 Southwest Powell Butte Highway
Powell Butte, Oregon 97753

PROPERTY IDENTIFICATION: Township 15S, Range 14E, Section 22
Tax lot 700
Crook County

DATE RECEIVED BY DAS: June 30, 2005

180-DAY DEADLINE: May 15, 2006²

I. SUMMARY OF CLAIM

The claimant, Philip J. Weigand, seeks compensation in the amount of \$600,000 for the reduction in fair market value as a result of land use regulations that are alleged to restrict the use of certain private real property. The claimant desires compensation or the right to divide the 39.4-acre property into four approximately 10-acre parcels. The property is located on Bozarth Road, near Powell Butte, in Crook County. (See claim.)

II. SUMMARY OF STAFF RECOMMENDATION

Based on the findings and conclusions set forth below, the Department of Land Conservation and Development (the department) has determined that the claim is valid. Department staff recommends that, in lieu of compensation, the requirements of the following state laws enforced by the Land Conservation and Development Commission (the Commission) or the department not apply to Philip Weigand's partition of the 39.4-acre property into four approximately 10-acre parcels: applicable provisions of Statewide Planning Goal 3 (Agricultural Lands), ORS 215 and Oregon Administrative Rules (OAR) 660, division 33, enacted or adopted after he acquired the property on December 27, 1989. These laws will not apply to the claimant only to the extent necessary to allow him to use the property for the use described in this report, and only to the

¹ This is the second of two companion Reports A and B issued to address two claims made by claimant.

² This date reflects 180 days from the date the claim was submitted, as extended by the 139 days that all timelines under Measure 37 were suspended during the pendency of *MacPherson v. Dept. of Admin. Svcs.*, 340 Or 117 (2006).

extent that use was permitted when he acquired the property on December 27, 1989. (See the complete recommendation in Section VI. of this report.)

III. COMMENTS ON THE CLAIM

Comments Received

On August 18, 2005, pursuant to OAR 125-145-0080, the Oregon Department of Administrative Services (DAS) provided written notice to the owners of surrounding properties. According to DAS, three written comments, evidence or information were received in response to the 10-day notice.

The comments do not address whether the claim meets the criteria for relief under ORS 197.352. Comments concerning the effects a use of the property may have on surrounding areas are generally not something that the department is able to consider in determining whether to waive a state law. If funds do become available to pay compensation, then such effects may become relevant in determining which claims to pay compensation for instead of waive a state law. (See the comment letters in the department's claim file.)

IV. TIMELINESS OF CLAIM

Requirement

ORS 197.352(5) requires that a written demand for compensation be made:

1. For claims arising from land use regulations enacted prior to the effective date of Measure 37 (December 2, 2004), within two years of that effective date or the date the public entity applies the land use regulation as an approval criteria to an application submitted by the owner, whichever is later; or
2. For claims arising from land use regulations enacted after the effective date of Measure 37 (December 2, 2004), within two years of the enactment of the land use regulation, or the date the owner of the property submits a land use application in which the land use regulation is an approval criteria, whichever is later.

Findings of Fact

This claim was submitted to DAS on June 30, 2005, for processing under OAR 125, division 145. The claim identifies Crook County Ordinances 2, 5 and 18 as the basis for the claim. Only laws that were enacted or adopted prior to December 2, 2004, are the basis for this claim.

Conclusions

The claim has been submitted within two years of the effective date of Measure 37 (December 2, 2004), based on land use regulations enacted or adopted prior to December 2, 2004, and is therefore timely filed.

V. ANALYSIS OF CLAIM

1. Ownership

ORS 197.352 provides for payment of compensation or relief from specific laws for “owners” as that term is defined in ORS 197.352. ORS 197.352 (11)(C) defines “owner” as “the present owner of the property, or any interest therein.”

Findings of Fact

The claimant, Philip Weigand, acquired the subject property from Weigand Ranches, Inc. on December 27, 1989, as reflected by a bargain and sale deed included with the claim. Weigand Ranches, Inc. acquired the property on March 1, 1963, from claimant Philip Weigand, also evidenced by a bargain and sale deed included with the claim. A March 30, 2005, title report submitted with the claim establishes the claimant’s current ownership.

Conclusions

The claimant, Philip Weigand, is the “owner” of the subject property as that term is defined by ORS 197.352(11)(C) as of December 27, 1989. Weigand Ranches, Inc. is a “family member” of the claimant, as that term is defined by ORS 197.352(11)(A), as of March 1, 1963.³

2. The Laws That are the Basis for This Claim

In order to establish a valid claim, ORS 197.352(1) requires, in part, that a law must restrict the claimant’s use of private real property in a manner that reduces the fair market value of the property relative to how the property could have been used at the time the claimant or a family member acquired the property.

Findings of Fact

The claim indicates that the claimant desires to divide the approximately 40-acre subject property into four parcels, which the claim asserts is not allowed under three Crook County Exclusive Farm Use (EFU) ordinances.

The claim is based generally on Crook County’s current EFU zone and the applicable provisions of state law that require such zoning. The claimant’s property is zoned EFU as required by Goal 3 in accordance with ORS 215 and OAR 660, division 33, because the claimant’s property is “agricultural land” as defined by Goal 3.⁴ Goal 3 became effective on January 25, 1975, and required that agricultural lands as defined by the Goal be zoned EFU pursuant to ORS 215.

³As reflected by a deed submitted with the claim, the claimant initially acquired the subject property in 1951, before transferring it to Weigand Ranches, Inc., in 1963. However, under ORS 197.352(11)(C), an “owner” that is a corporate entity cannot claim an individual as a “family member,” as defined in ORS 197.352(11)(A). Therefore, while the corporation is a “family member” of Philip Weigand with regard to his current ownership of the property as an individual transferring the property to the corporation in 1963, Philip Weigand cannot be considered a “family member” of the corporation.

⁴The claimant’s property is “agricultural land” because it contains National Resources Conservation Service Class I-IV soils.

Current land use regulations, particularly ORS 215.263, 215.284 and 215.780 and OAR 660, division 33, enacted or adopted pursuant to Goal 3, prohibit the division of EFU-zoned land into parcels less than 80 acres and establish standards for development of dwellings on existing or proposed parcels on that land.

ORS 215.780 establishes an 80-acre minimum size for the creation of new lots or parcels in EFU zones and became effective on November 4, 1993 (Chapter 792, Oregon Laws 1993). ORS 215.263 (2005 edition) establishes standards for the creation of new parcels for non-farm uses and dwellings allowed in an EFU zone.

The claimant's family first acquired the property in 1963, prior to the adoption of the statewide planning goals and their implementing statutes and rules. No county zoning applied to the property in 1963.

Conclusions

The current zoning requirements and minimum lot size standards established by applicable provisions of Goal 3, ORS 215 and OAR 660, division 33, were all enacted or adopted after the claimant's family acquired the property in 1963 and do not allow the desired division of the property. These laws restrict the use of the property relative to the uses allowed when the claimant's family acquired the property.

3. Effect of Regulations on Fair Market Value

In order to establish a valid claim, ORS 197.352(1) requires that any land use regulation described in Section V.(2) of this report must have "the effect of reducing the fair market value of the property, or any interest therein."

Findings of Fact

The claim includes an estimate of \$600,000 as the reduction in the property's fair market value due to current regulations. This amount is based on an estimate from a realtor.

Conclusions

As explained in Section V.(1) of this report, the claimant is Philip Weigand whose family acquired the property in 1963. Under ORS 197.352, the claimant is due compensation for land use regulations that restrict the use of the subject property in a manner that reduces its fair market value. Based on the findings and conclusions in Section V.(2) of this report, laws enacted or adopted since the claimant's family acquired the subject property restrict the desired division of the property. The claimant estimates the reduction in value due to the restrictions to be \$600,000.

Without an appraisal or other documentation, it is not possible to substantiate the specific dollar amount the claimant demands for compensation. Nevertheless, based on the submitted information, the department determines that it is more likely than not that the fair market value of the subject property has been reduced to some extent as a result of land use regulations enforced by the Commission or the department since the claimant's family acquired the property.

4. Exemptions Under ORS 197.352(3)

ORS 197.352 does not apply to certain land use regulations. In addition, under ORS 197.352(3), certain types of laws are exempt.

Findings of Fact

The claim is based on state land use regulations that restrict the use of the subject property relative to uses permitted when the claimant's family acquired the property, including applicable provisions of Goal 3, ORS 215 and OAR 660, division 33, which Crook County has implemented through its current EFU zone. All of these land use regulations were enacted or adopted after the claimant's family acquired the property.

Conclusions

It appears that none of the general statutory, goal and rule restrictions on residential division of the subject property were in effect when the claimant's family acquired the property on March 1, 1963. As a result, these laws are not exempt under ORS 197.352(3)(E). Laws in effect when the claimant's family acquired the property are exempt under ORS 197.352(3)(E) and do not provide a basis for compensation. In addition, other land use laws enacted or adopted for a purpose set forth in ORS 197.352(3)(A) to (D) are also exempt, and would not provide a basis for compensation.

VI. FORM OF RELIEF

ORS 197.352(1) provides for payment of compensation to an owner of private real property if the Commission or the department has enforced laws that restrict the use of the property in a manner that reduces its fair market value. In lieu of compensation, the department may choose to not apply the law in order to allow the present owner to carry out a use of the property permitted at the time the current owner acquired the property. The Commission, by rule, has directed that if the department determines a claim is valid, the Director of the department must provide only non-monetary relief unless and until funds are appropriated by the legislature to pay claims.

Findings of Fact

Based on the findings and conclusions set forth in this report, laws enforced by the Commission or the department restrict the claimant's ability to divide the 39.4-acre property into four approximately 10-acre parcels. The claim asserts that the laws enforced by the Commission or the department reduce the fair market value of the subject property by \$600,000. However, because the claim does not provide an appraisal or other specific documentation for how the specified restrictions reduce the fair market value of the property, a specific amount of compensation cannot be determined. Nevertheless, based on the record for this claim, the department acknowledges that the laws on which the claim is based likely have reduced the fair market value of the property to some extent.

No funds have been appropriated at this time for the payment of claims. In lieu of payment of compensation, ORS 197.352 authorizes the department to modify, remove or not apply all or

parts of certain land use regulations to allow claimant Philip Weigand to use the subject property for a use permitted at the time he acquired the property on December 27, 1989.

The claimant acquired the subject property on December 27, 1989. At that time, the property was subject to Crook County's acknowledged EFU zone.⁵ When the claimant acquired the subject property, the desired division of the property would have been governed by the county's EFU zone and the applicable provisions of Goal 3, ORS 215 and OAR 660, division 5.

In addition to the applicable provisions of Goal 3, ORS 215 and OAR 660, division 5, in effect on December 27, 1989, and other laws in effect when the claimant acquired the property, there may be other laws that apply to the claimant's use of the property that have not been identified in the claim. In some cases, it will not be possible to know which laws apply to a use of property until there is a specific proposal for that use. When the claimant seeks a building or development permit to carry out a specific use, it may become evident that other state laws apply to that use and, depending on when they were enacted or adopted, may continue to apply to the claimant's property. In addition, some of these laws may be exempt under ORS 197.352(3)(A) to (D), and will continue to apply to the property on that basis.

This report addresses only those state laws that are identified in the claim, or that the department is certain apply to the property based on the uses that the claimant has identified. Similarly, this report only addresses the exemptions provided for under ORS 197.352(3) that are clearly applicable given the information provided to the department in the claim. The claimant should be aware that the less information he has provided to the department in his claim, the greater the possibility that there may be additional laws that will later be determined to continue to apply to his use of the property.

Conclusions

Based on the record, the department recommends that the claim be approved, subject to the following terms:

1. In lieu of compensation under ORS 197.352, the State of Oregon will not apply the following laws to Philip Weigand's partition of the 39.4-acre property into four approximately 10-acre parcels: applicable provisions of Goal 3, ORS 215 and OAR 660, division 33, enacted or adopted after December 27, 1989. These land use regulations will not apply to the claimant only to the extent necessary to allow him to use the subject property for the use described in this report, and only to the extent that use was permitted when he acquired the property on December 27, 1989.
2. The action by the State of Oregon provides the state's authorization to the claimant to use the property, subject to the standards in effect on December 27, 1989. On that date, the property was subject to compliance with Crook County's acknowledged EFU zone and the applicable provisions of Goal 3, ORS 215 and OAR 660, division 5, then in effect.

⁵ The Crook County Comprehensive Plan was acknowledged by the Commission for compliance with Goal 3 on February 2, 1979.

3. To the extent that any law, order, deed, agreement or other legally enforceable public or private requirement provides that the subject property may not be used without a permit, license or other form of authorization or consent, the order will not authorize the use of the property unless the claimant first obtains that permit, license or other form of authorization or consent. Such requirements may include, but are not limited to: a building permit, a land use decision, a permit as defined in ORS 215.402 or 227.160, other permits or authorizations from local, state or federal agencies and restrictions on the use of the subject property imposed by private parties.

4. Any use of the subject property by the claimant under the terms of the order will remain subject to the following laws: (a) those laws not specified in (1) above; (b) any laws enacted or enforced by a public entity other than the Commission or the department; and (c) those laws not subject to ORS 197.352 including, without limitation, those laws exempted under ORS 197.352(3).

5. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing terms and conditions, in order for the claimant to use the subject property, it may be necessary for him to obtain a decision under ORS 197.352 from a city and/or county and/or metropolitan service district that enforces land use regulations applicable to the property. Nothing in this order relieves the claimant from the necessity of obtaining a decision under ORS 197.352 from a local public entity that has jurisdiction to enforce a land use regulation applicable to a use of the property by the claimant.

VII. COMMENTS ON THE DRAFT STAFF REPORT

The department issued its draft staff report on this claim on April 24, 2006. OAR 125-145-0100(3), provided an opportunity for the claimant or the claimant's authorized agent and any third parties who submitted comments under OAR 125-145-0080 to submit written comments, evidence and information in response to the draft staff report and recommendation. Comments received have been taken into account by the department in the issuance of this final report.