

BEFORE THE DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES,
THE DEPARTMENT OF LAND CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT OF
THE STATE OF OREGON

IN THE MATTER OF THE CLAIM FOR)	FINAL ORDER
COMPENSATION UNDER ORS 197.352)	CLAIM NO. M129526
(BALLOT MEASURE 37) OF)	
Hildegard Breedlove, Robert Carson and)	
Tori Carson, CLAIMANTS)	

Claimants: Hildegard Breedlove, Robert Carson and Tori Carson (the Claimants)

Property: Township 35, Range 3W, Section 26, Tax lot 600, Jackson County (the Property)

Claim: The demand for compensation and any supporting information received from the Claimants by the State of Oregon (the Claim).

Claimants submitted the Claim to the State of Oregon under ORS 197.352. Under OAR 125-145-0010 *et seq.*, the Department of Administrative Services (DAS) referred the Claim to the Department of Land Conservation and Development (DLCD) as the regulating entity. This order is based on the record herein, including the Findings and Conclusions set forth in the Final Staff Report and Recommendation of DLCD (the DLCD Report) attached to and by this reference incorporated into this order.

ORDER

The Claim is approved as to laws administered by DLCD and the Land Conservation and Development Commission (LCDC) for the reasons set forth in the DLCD Report, and subject to the following terms:

1. In lieu of compensation under ORS 197.352, the State of Oregon will not apply the following laws to Hildegard Breedlove's division of the 29.77-acre subject property into four parcels: applicable provisions of Goal 4, ORS 215, and OAR 660, division 6. These land use regulations will not apply to Hildegard Breedlove only to the extent necessary to allow her to use the subject property for the use described in this report, and only to the extent that use was permitted when she acquired the property on November 2, 1965.
2. The action by the State of Oregon provides the state's authorization to Hildegard Breedlove to use the subject property for the use described in this report, subject to the standards in effect on November 2, 1965.
3. To the extent that any law, order, deed, agreement or other legally enforceable public or private requirement provides that the subject property may not be used without a permit, license or other form of authorization or consent, the order will not authorize the use of the property unless Hildegard Breedlove first obtain that permit, license or other form of authorization or

consent. Such requirements may include, but are not limited to: a building permit, a land use decision, a "permit" as defined in ORS 215.402 or 227.160, other permits or authorizations from local, state or federal agencies and restrictions on the use of the subject property imposed by private parties.

4. Any use of the subject property by Hildegard Breedlove under the terms of the order will remain subject to the following laws: (a) those laws not specified in (1) above; (b) any laws enacted or enforced by a public entity other than the Commission or the department; and (c) those laws not subject to ORS 197.352 including, without limitation, those laws exempted under ORS 197.352(3).

5. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing terms and conditions, in order for Hildegard Breedlove to use the subject property, it may be necessary for her to obtain a decision under ORS 197.352 from a city and/or county and/or metropolitan service district that enforces land use regulations applicable to the property. Nothing in this order relieves Hildegard Breedlove from the necessity of obtaining a decision under ORS 197.352 from a local public entity that has jurisdiction to enforce a land use regulation applicable to a use of the subject property by Hildegard Breedlove.

This Order is entered by the Director of the DLCD as a final order of DLCD and the Land Conservation and Development Commission under ORS 197.352, OAR 660-002-0010(8), and OAR 125, division 145, and by the Administrator for the State Services Division of the DAS as a final order of DAS under ORS 197.352, OAR 125, division 145, and ORS 293.

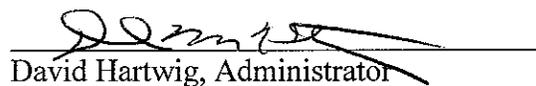
FOR DLCD AND THE LAND
CONSERVATION AND
DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION:



Lane Shetterly, Director
DLCD

Dated this 8th day of December, 2006.

FOR the DEPARTMENT OF
ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES:



David Hartwig, Administrator
DAS, State Services Division

Dated this 8th day of December, 2006.

NOTICE OF RIGHT TO APPEAL OR OTHER JUDICIAL RELIEF

You are entitled, or may be entitled, to judicial remedies including the following:

1. Judicial review under ORS 183.484: Judicial review under ORS 183.484 may be obtained by filing a petition for review within 60 days from the service of this order. A petition for judicial review under ORS 183.484 may be filed in the Circuit Court for Marion County or the Circuit Court in the county in which you reside.
2. A cause of action under ORS 197.352 (Measure 37 (2004)): If a land use regulation continues to apply to the subject property more than 180 days after the present owner of the property has made written demand for compensation under ORS 197.352, the present owner of the property, or any interest therein, shall have a cause of action in the circuit court in which the real property is located.

(Copies of the documents that comprise the record are available for review at the Department's office at 635 Capitol Street NE, Suite 150, Salem, Oregon 97301-2540)

FOR INFORMATION ONLY

The Oregon Department of Justice has advised the Department of Land Conservation and Development that "[i]f the current owner of the real property conveys the property before the new use allowed by the public entity is established, then the entitlement to relief will be lost."

ORS 197.352 (BALLOT MEASURE 37) CLAIM FOR COMPENSATION

**OREGON DEPARTMENT OF LAND CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT
Final Staff Report and Recommendation**

December 8, 2006

STATE CLAIM NUMBER: M129526

NAMES OF CLAIMANTS: Hildegard Breedlove
Robert Carson
Tori Carson

MAILING ADDRESS: 1885 Holcomb Springs Road
Gold Hill, Oregon 97525

PROPERTY IDENTIFICATION: Township 35, Range 3W, Section 26
Tax lot 600
Jackson County

OTHER CONTACT INFORMATION: Mark S. Bartholomew
Hornecker, Cowling, Hassen & Heysell, LLP
717 Murphy Road
Medford, Oregon 97504

DATE RECEIVED BY DAS: June 16, 2006

180-DAY DEADLINE: December 13, 2006

I. SUMMARY OF CLAIM

The claimants, Hildegard Breedlove and Robert and Tori Carson, seek compensation in the amount of \$522,700 for the reduction in fair market value as a result of land use regulations that are alleged to restrict the use of certain private real property. The claimants desire compensation or the right to divide the 29.77-acre subject property into four 4- to 12-acre developed parcels. The property is located at 1885 Holcomb Springs Road, near Gold Hill, in Jackson County. (See claim.)

II. SUMMARY OF STAFF RECOMMENDATION

Based on the findings and conclusions set forth below, the Department of Land Conservation and Development (the department) has determined that the claim is valid. Department staff recommends that, in lieu of compensation, the requirements of the following state laws enforced by the Land Conservation and Development Commission (the Commission) or the department not apply to Hildegard Breedlove's division of the 29.77-acre subject property into four parcels: applicable provisions of Statewide Planning Goal 4 (Forest Lands), ORS 215 and Oregon Administrative Rules (OAR) 660, division 6. These laws will not apply to Hildegard Breedlove

only to the extent necessary to allow her to use the subject property for the use described in this report, and only to the extent that use was permitted when she acquired the property in 1965.

The department has further determined that Robert and Tori Carson's claim is not valid because the claimants' desired use of the subject property was prohibited under the laws in effect when Robert and Tori Carson acquired the property in 1998. (See the complete recommendation in Section VI. of this report.)

III. COMMENTS ON THE CLAIM

Comments Received

On September 27, 2006, pursuant to OAR 125-145-0080, the Oregon Department of Administrative Services (DAS) provided written notice to the owners of surrounding properties. According to DAS, no written comments were received in response to the 10-day notice.

IV. TIMELINESS OF CLAIM

Requirement

ORS 197.352(5) requires that a written demand for compensation be made:

1. For claims arising from land use regulations enacted prior to the effective date of Measure 37 (December 2, 2004), within two years of that effective date, or the date the public entity applies the land use regulation as an approval criteria to an application submitted by the owner, whichever is later; or
2. For claims arising from land use regulations enacted after the effective date of Measure 37 (December 2, 2004), within two years of the enactment of the land use regulation, or the date the owner of the property submits a land use application in which the land use regulation is an approval criteria, whichever is later.

Findings of Fact

This claim was submitted to DAS on June 16, 2006, for processing under OAR 125, division 145. The claim identifies the statewide planning goals; ORS 92, 195, 197 and 215; provisions of OAR 660; and wetland regulations as the basis for the claim. Only laws that were enacted or adopted prior to December 2, 2004, are the basis for this claim.

Conclusions

The claim has been submitted within two years of the effective date of Measure 37 (December 2, 2004), based on land use regulations enacted or adopted prior to December 2, 2004, and is therefore timely filed.

V. ANALYSIS OF CLAIM

1. Ownership

ORS 197.352 provides for payment of compensation or relief from specific laws for “owners” as that term is defined in ORS 197.352. ORS 197.352(11)(C) defines “owner” as “the present owner of the property, or any interest therein.”

Findings of Fact

Claimant Hildegard Breedlove acquired the subject property on November 2, 1965, as reflected by a land sales contract included with the claim. Hildegard Breedlove conveyed an interest in the property to Robert and Tori Carson on January 22, 1998, as reflected by a bargain and sale deed, also included with the claim. On September 26, 2006, the Jackson County Assessor’s Office confirmed the claimants’ current ownership of the subject property.

Conclusions

The claimants, Hildegard Breedlove and Robert and Tori Carson, are “owners” of the subject property as that term is defined in ORS 197.352(11)(C), as of November 2, 1965, for Hildegard Breedlove, and as of January 22, 1998, for Robert and Tori Carson.

2. The Laws That are the Basis for This Claim

In order to establish a valid claim, ORS 197.352(1) requires, in part, that a law must restrict the claimants’ use of private real property in a manner that reduces the fair market value of the property relative to how the property could have been used at the time the claimants or a family member acquired the property.

Findings of Fact

The claim indicates that the claimants desire to divide the 29.77-acre subject property into four 4- to 12-acre developed parcels and that state land use regulations prevent the desired use.¹

The claim is based generally on the applicable provisions of state law that require forest zoning and restrict uses on forest-zoned land. The claimants’ property is zoned by Jackson County as Woodlot Resource (WR) with an 80-acre minimum lot size, as required by Goal 4, in accordance with ORS 215 and OAR 660, division 6, because the claimants’ property is “forest land” under Goal 4. Goal 4 became effective on January 25, 1975, and requires that forest land be zoned for forest use (see statutory and rule history under OAR 660-015-0000(4)). The forest

¹ The claimants summarily cite numerous state land use laws as applicable to this claim, but do not establish how the laws either apply to the claimants’ desired use of the subject property or restrict its use with the effect of reducing its fair market value. On their face, most of these regulations either do not apply to the claimants’ property or do not restrict the claimants’ desired use of the property with the effect of reducing its fair market value. Without a description of how each of these land use regulations applies to and restricts the claimants’ desired use of the property, the department cannot evaluate whether or how those regulations relate to this claim. This report addresses only those regulations that the department finds are applicable to and restrict the claimants’ use of the subject property, based on the claimants’ description of the desired use.

land administrative rules (OAR 660, division 6) became effective on September 1, 1982, and ORS 215.705 to 215.755 and 215.780 became effective on November 4, 1993 (Chapter 792, Oregon Laws 1993). OAR 660-006-0026 and 660-006-0027 were amended on March 1, 1994, to implement those statutes. Together, ORS 215.705 to 215.755 and 215.780 and OAR 660, division 6, enacted or adopted pursuant to Goal 4, prohibit the division of forest land into parcels less than 80 acres.

The claimants also allege that the property is subject to wetland regulations. Wetland protections are applied to implement the provisions of Goal 5, which was effective on January 25, 1975. Goal 5 requires that resources, including significant wetland resources, be inventoried, policies be adopted and a program be developed to achieve the goal. OAR 660, division 16, implementing Goal 5, was effective on May 18, 1981, but did not apply to local jurisdictions until adoption of the Goal 5 inventory.² However, the claimants have not established how Goal 5, as implemented through any wetland regulation, in any way restricts the desired division of the subject property.

Claimant Hildegard Breedlove acquired the subject property on November 2, 1965, prior to the adoption of the statewide planning goals and their implementing statutes and regulations.

Claimants Robert and Tori Carson acquired the subject property on January 22, 1998. At that time, the property was subject to Jackson County's acknowledged forest zone.³ When these claimants acquired the subject property, the desired division of the property would have been governed by the current provisions of Goal 4, ORS 215 and OAR 660, division 6, as implemented through the county's acknowledged forest zone.⁴

Conclusions

The current zoning requirements, minimum lot size and dwelling standards established by Goal 4 and provisions applicable to land zoned for forest use in ORS 215 and OAR 660, division 6, were all enacted or adopted after Hildegard Breedlove acquired the subject property in 1965 and do not allow the desired division of the property. These laws restrict the use of the property relative to the uses allowed when Hildegard Breedlove acquired the property.

The current zoning requirements and minimum lot size established by Goal 4 and provisions applicable to land zoned for forest use in ORS 215 and OAR 660, division 6, were all enacted or adopted before claimants Robert and Tori Carson acquired the subject property on January 22, 1998. These land use regulations do not allow the desired division of the subject property. Laws enacted or adopted since Robert and Tori Carson acquired the subject property in 1998 do not restrict their desired use of the property relative to when these claimants acquired it in 1998.

² OAR 660, division 23, was adopted on September 1, 1996, and provides procedural requirements under Goal 5.

³ Jackson County's forest zone was acknowledged by the Commission for compliance with Goal 4 on April 22, 1983.

⁴ After the county's comprehensive plan and land use regulations were acknowledged by the Commission as complying with the statewide planning goals, the goals and implementing rules no longer applied directly to individual local land use decisions. *Byrd v. Stringer*, 295 Or 311 (1983). However, insofar as the state and local provisions implement the requirements of the goals and rules, the local provisions must be interpreted consistent with the substance of the goals and implementing rules. *Forster v. Polk County*, 115 Or App 475 (1992) and *Kenagy v. Benton County*, 115 Or App 131 (1992).

This report addresses only those state laws that are identified in the claim, or that the department is certain apply to the subject property, based on the uses that the claimants have identified. There may be other laws that currently apply to Hildegard Breedlove's use of the subject property, and that may continue to apply to her use of the property, that have not been identified in the claim. In some cases, it will not be possible to know which laws apply to a use of the subject property until there is a specific proposal for that use. When the claimants seek a building or development permit to carry out a specific use, it may become evident that other state laws apply to that use.

3. Effect of Regulations on Fair Market Value

In order to establish a valid claim, ORS 197.352(1) requires that the land use regulation(s) described in Section V.(2) of this report must have "the effect of reducing the fair market value of the property, or any interest therein."

Findings of Fact

The claim includes an estimate of \$522,700 as the reduction in the subject property's fair market value due to the regulations that restrict the claimants' desired use of the property. This amount is based on a comparative market analysis of similar property and uses.

Conclusions

As explained in Section V.(1) of this report, the claimants are Hildegard Breedlove who acquired the subject property on November 2, 1965, and Robert and Tori Carson who acquired the property on January 22, 1998. Under ORS 197.352, claimant Hildegard Breedlove is due compensation for land use regulations that restrict her use of the subject property and have the effect of reducing its fair market value. Based on the findings and conclusions in Section V.(2) of this report, laws enacted or adopted since Hildegard Breedlove acquired the subject property restrict the claimants' desired use of the property. The claimants estimate that the effect of the regulations on the fair market value of the subject property is a reduction of \$522,700.

Without an appraisal or other documentation, it is not possible to substantiate the specific dollar amount by which the land use regulations have reduced the fair market value of the subject property. Nevertheless, based on the evidence in the record for this claim, the department determines that the fair market value of the subject property has been reduced to some extent as a result of land use regulations enforced by the Commission or the department since Hildegard Breedlove acquired the property in 1965.

As explained in Section V.(1) of this report, claimants Robert and Tori Carson acquired the subject property on January 22, 1998. No state laws enacted or adopted since Robert and Tori Carson acquired the subject property restrict their desired use of the property relative to the uses allowed in 1998. Therefore, the fair market value of the subject property has not been reduced as a result of land use regulations enforced by the Commission or the department.

4. Exemptions Under ORS 197.352(3)

ORS 197.352 does not apply to certain land use regulations. In addition, under ORS 197.352(3), certain types of laws are exempt from ORS 197.352.

Findings of Fact

The claim is based on state land use regulations that restrict the use of the subject property, including applicable provisions of Goal 4, ORS 215 and OAR 660, division 6, which Jackson County has implemented through its current WR zone. All of these land use regulations were enacted or adopted after Hildegard Breedlove acquired the subject property on November 2, 1965.

The claim does not identify any state land use regulations enacted or adopted since Robert and Tori Carson acquired the subject property that restrict the use of the property relative to what would have been allowed when they acquired it on January 22, 1998. As set forth in Section V.(2) of this report, the state land use regulations restricting these claimants' desired use of the subject property were in effect when they acquired the property in 1998.

Conclusions

Without a specific development proposal for the subject property, it is not possible for the department to determine all the laws that may apply to a particular use of the property, or whether those laws may fall under one or more of the exemptions under ORS 197.352. It appears that none of the general statutory, goal and rule restrictions on residential division of the subject property were in effect when Hildegard Breedlove acquired the property in 1965. As a result, these laws are not exempt under ORS 197.352(3)(E).

Laws in effect when Hildegard Breedlove acquired the subject property are exempt under ORS 197.352(3)(E) and will also continue to apply to her use of the property. In addition, the department notes that ORS 215.730 and OAR 660, division 6, include standards for siting dwellings in forest zones. Those provisions include fire protection standards for dwellings. ORS 197.352(3)(B) specifically exempts regulations "restricting or prohibiting activities for the protection of public health and safety, such as fire and building codes...." Accordingly, siting standards for dwellings in forest zones in ORS 215.730 and OAR 660, division 6, are exempt under ORS 197.352(3)(B). These standards include OAR 660-006-0029.

There may be other laws that continue to apply to Hildegard Breedlove's use of the subject property that have not been identified in the claim. In some cases, it will not be possible to know which laws apply to a use of the subject property until there is a specific proposal for that use. When the claimants seek a building or development permit to carry out a specific use, it may become evident that other state laws apply to that use. In some cases, some of these laws may be exempt under ORS 197.352(3)(A) to (D).

All of the state land use regulations that restrict the Robert and Tori Carson's desired use of the subject property were in effect when the claimants acquired the property. Therefore, these state land use regulations are exempt under ORS 197.352(3)(E), which exempts laws in effect when the claimants acquired the subject property.

VI. FORM OF RELIEF

ORS 197.352(1) provides for payment of compensation to an owner of private real property if the Commission or the department has enforced one or more laws that restrict the use of the property in a manner that reduces its fair market value. In lieu of compensation, the department may choose to not apply the law in order to allow the present owner to carry out a use of the property permitted at the time the present owner acquired the property. The Commission, by rule, has directed that if the department determines a claim is valid, the Director of the department must provide only non-monetary relief unless and until funds are appropriated by the legislature to pay claims.

Findings of Fact

Based on the findings and conclusions set forth in this report, laws enforced by the Commission or the department restrict the claimants' desired use of the subject property. The claim asserts that existing state land use regulations enforced by the Commission or the department have the effect of reducing the fair market value of the subject property by \$522,700.00. However, because the claim does not provide an appraisal or other relevant evidence demonstrating that the land use regulations described in Section V.(2) reduce the fair market value of the subject property, a specific amount of compensation cannot be determined. In order to determine a specific amount of compensation due for this claim, it would also be necessary to verify whether or the extent to which the claimants' desired use of the subject property was allowed under the standards in effect when Hildegard Breedlove acquired the property. Nevertheless, based on the record for this claim, the department has determined that the laws on which the claim is based have reduced the fair market value of the subject property to some extent since Hildegard Breedlove acquired it.

No funds have been appropriated at this time for the payment of claims. In lieu of payment of compensation, ORS 197.352 authorizes the department to modify, remove or not apply all or parts of certain land use regulations to allow Hildegard Breedlove to use the subject property for a use permitted at the time she acquired in on November 2, 1965.

Conclusions

Based on the record and the foregoing findings and conclusions, Robert and Tori Carson have not established that they are entitled to relief under ORS 197.352(1) as a result of land use regulations enforced by the Commission or the department because laws enforced by the Commission or the department do not restrict their desired use of the subject property relative to what was permitted when the claimants acquired it in 1998 and do not reduce the fair market value of the property. Therefore, the department recommends that this claim be denied. Based on the record, the department recommends that the claim be otherwise approved, subject to the following terms:

1. In lieu of compensation under ORS 197.352, the State of Oregon will not apply the following laws to Hildegard Breedlove's division of the 29.77-acre subject property into four parcels: applicable provisions of Goal 4, ORS 215, and OAR 660, division 6. These land use regulations will not apply to Hildegard Breedlove only to the extent necessary to allow her to use the subject

property for the use described in this report, and only to the extent that use was permitted when she acquired the property on November 2, 1965.

2. The action by the State of Oregon provides the state's authorization to Hildegard Breedlove to use the subject property for the use described in this report, subject to the standards in effect on November 2, 1965.

3. To the extent that any law, order, deed, agreement or other legally enforceable public or private requirement provides that the subject property may not be used without a permit, license or other form of authorization or consent, the order will not authorize the use of the property unless Hildegard Breedlove first obtain that permit, license or other form of authorization or consent. Such requirements may include, but are not limited to: a building permit, a land use decision, a "permit" as defined in ORS 215.402 or 227.160, other permits or authorizations from local, state or federal agencies and restrictions on the use of the subject property imposed by private parties.

4. Any use of the subject property by Hildegard Breedlove under the terms of the order will remain subject to the following laws: (a) those laws not specified in (1) above; (b) any laws enacted or enforced by a public entity other than the Commission or the department; and (c) those laws not subject to ORS 197.352 including, without limitation, those laws exempted under ORS 197.352(3).

5. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing terms and conditions, in order for Hildegard Breedlove to use the subject property, it may be necessary for her to obtain a decision under ORS 197.352 from a city and/or county and/or metropolitan service district that enforces land use regulations applicable to the property. Nothing in this order relieves Hildegard Breedlove from the necessity of obtaining a decision under ORS 197.352 from a local public entity that has jurisdiction to enforce a land use regulation applicable to a use of the subject property by Hildegard Breedlove.

VII. COMMENTS ON THE DRAFT STAFF REPORT

The department issued its draft staff report on this claim on November 22, 2006. OAR 125-145-0100(3), provided an opportunity for the claimants or the claimants' authorized agent and any third parties who submitted comments under OAR 125-145-0080 to submit written comments, evidence and information in response to the draft staff report and recommendation.