
Medicaid in Oregon

Oregon Health Policy Board Meeting
January 18, 2011

The logo for the Oregon Health Authority. It features the word "Oregon" in a smaller, orange, serif font positioned above the word "Health", which is in a larger, blue, serif font. Below "Health" is the word "Authority" in a smaller, orange, serif font. A thin blue horizontal line is positioned between "Health" and "Authority".

Oregon
Health
Authority

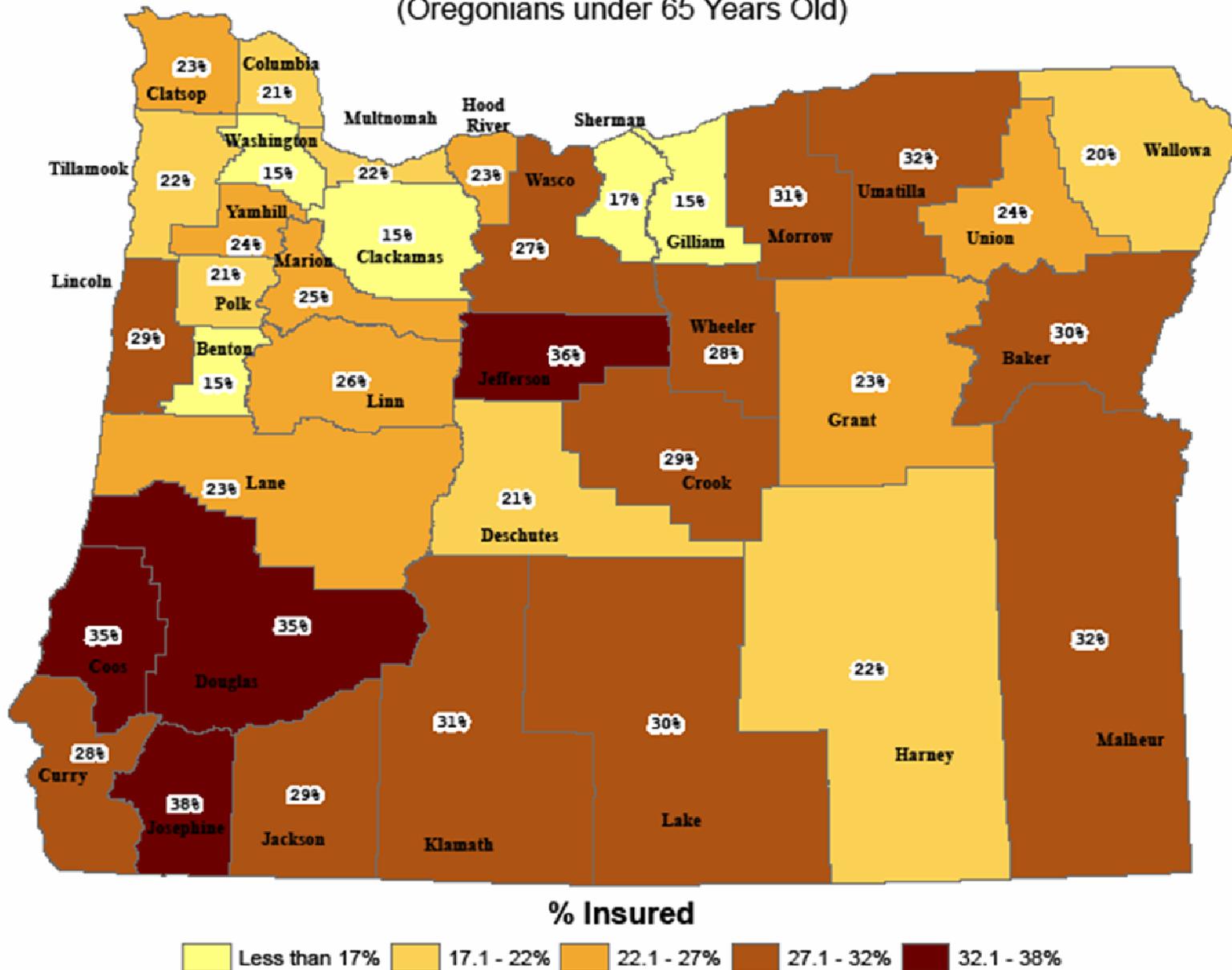
In Oregon, Medicaid touches almost 600,000 lives

- Medical and some dental services under OHP Plus and Standard
- Addiction and mental health services for Medicaid-eligible clients
- Family Health Insurance Assistance Program
- Smaller programs for specific services or populations (e.g. family planning, CAWEM program)
- In-home services, community-based care, and nursing homes for Medicaid eligible seniors and people with disabilities
- Some case management services

Oregon Health Plan's Reach

- About 2 million people have had their health care covered by OHP since it began in 1994 (unduplicated count)
- Nearly one in three of all Oregonians have been on OHP at some point in their lives
- Today, OHP is the health insurance provider for approximately 15 percent of all Oregonians and almost 38 percent of all Oregon children
- Approximately 40 percent of Oregon's births in 2007 were covered under OHP

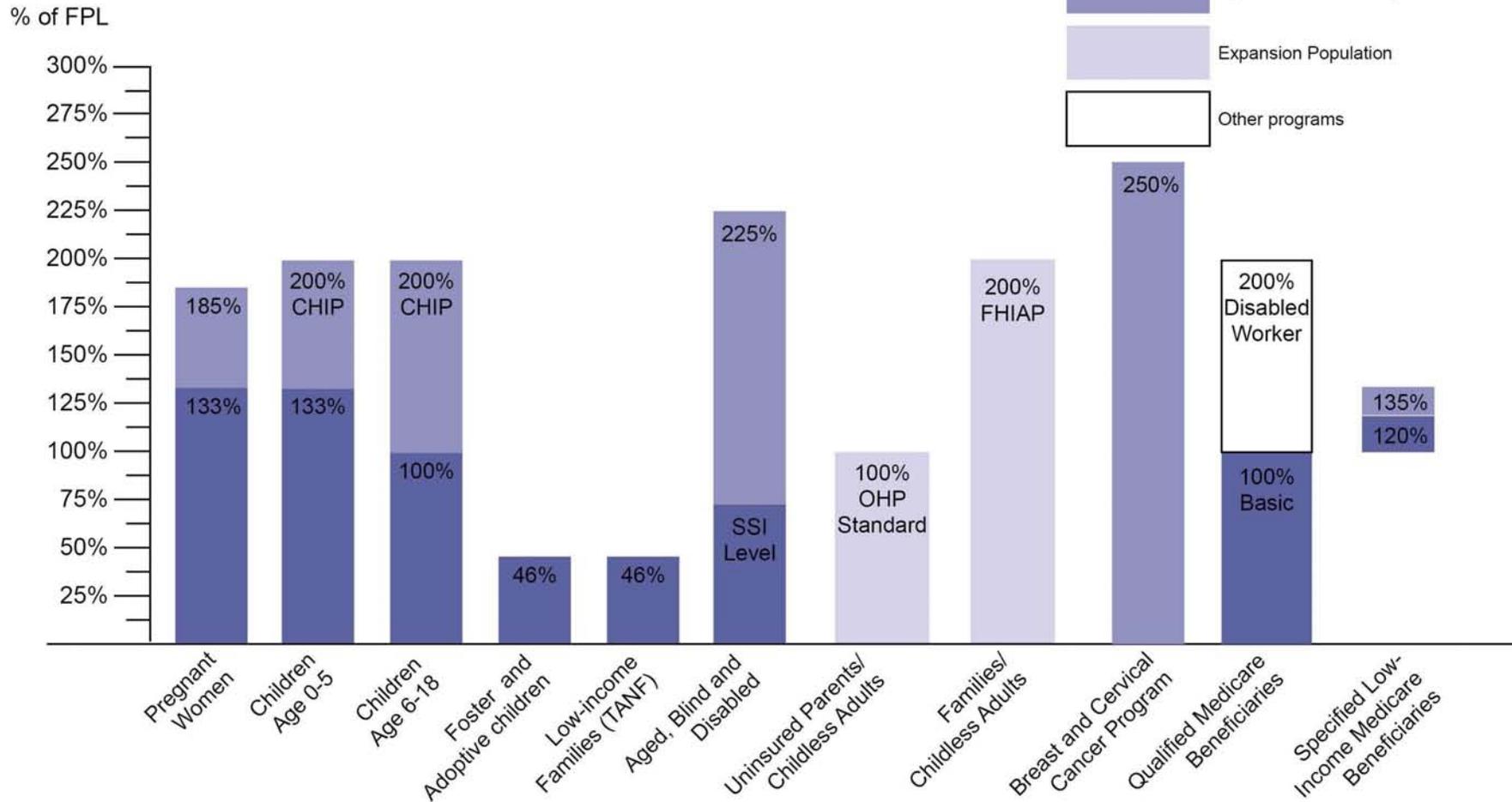
Oregon Health Plan (OHP) as Percent of Total Insured (Oregonians under 65 Years Old)



Data were provided by: DHS website, http://www.oregon.gov/DHS/healthplan/data_pubs/enrollment/2010/1110/main.shtml;
Oregon population statistics provided by Portland State University.

Eligibility is fragmented...

Approximate Federal Poverty Levels (FPL) for Medical Eligibility Groups



- ♦ Aged, blind, and disabled populations meeting long-term care criteria are eligible up to 300% of the SSI level (which is equivalent to approximately 225% of the FPL); otherwise, these populations are eligible up to the SSI level.
- * The Family Health Insurance Assistance Program (FHIAP) subsidizes private health insurance coverage for low-income families and individuals. All OHP populations have the option to elect FHIAP coverage rather than direct state coverage. Parents and childless adults up to 100% of the FPL must enroll in FHIAP if they have employer-sponsored insurance. Parents and childless adults over 100% of the FPL are not eligible for direct state coverage but may be eligible for FHIAP if enrollment limits have not been met.

OHP Programs

- **OHP Plus** covers about 490,000 people (mandatory Medicaid)
 - Low-income elderly, blind & disabled; families receiving Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF); low-income foster children; low-income children; low-income pregnant women
 - About 65% are under age 19
 - Supported by General Fund with federal match
- **OHP Standard** covers about 57,000 clients (expansion population)
 - Parents and childless adults under 100% FPL
 - Supported by hospital tax with federal match

Premium Assistance Programs

- **Family Health Insurance Assistance Program (FHIAP)** helps about 7,000 low-income adults and families purchase private insurance
- About 3,500 kids are enrolled in **Healthy KidsConnect**
- Oregon uses Medicaid match to support its investment in these programs

Other Programs

- 470 women receive treatment through the Breast and Cervical Cancer Program (**BCCP**)
- Approximately 24,000 get emergency medical, prenatal care, and labor/delivery services through the Citizen Alien Waived Emergency Medical (**CAWEM**) benefit package
- 77,000 low-income women receive family planning services (**CCare**)

Also.....

- Oregon Youth Authority clients – behavioral rehabilitative services
- Some Addictions and Mental Health Division community services - rehabilitative services, personal care and a few State Hospital services
- DHS Children, Adults and Families Division – targeted case management and behavioral rehabilitative services

**And the Delivery System is
Fragmented....**

Managing Care in OHP

- Approximately 83% of OHP clients are enrolled in physical health managed care.
- Nearly 95% of OHP clients are enrolled in managed dental care, and more than 90 percent are enrolled in managed mental health care.
- Clients not enrolled in managed care receive services on a Fee-for-Service (FFS) arrangement –providers bill the state directly for their services based on a set fee schedule
- Some providers receiving FFS also get a case management fee (in areas where there are no managed care plans)

Managing Care in OHP (2)

- The state has contracts with:
 - 14 Fully Capitated Health Plans (physical health) (FCHPs)
 - 1 Physician Care Organization (physical health) (PCO)
 - 8 Dental Care Organizations (DHOs)
 - 10 Mental Health Organizations (MHOs)
- Each contracted organization receives a monthly capitation payment for each enrolled client

Medicaid and Medicare linkages

Dual Eligibles

- Approximately 59,000 very low-income seniors and younger people with disabilities are enrolled in both Medicare and Medicaid
- In 2007, dual eligibles accounted for 40% of Medicaid spending in Oregon but represented only 17% of Medicaid enrollment
- 73% of that spending was for long-term care services

Medicaid dollars augment Medicare coverage for some

- Medicare Part A/B premiums:
 - Pays Medicare premiums, deductibles and copayments for certain qualified Medicare beneficiaries
 - About 16,000 Qualified Medicare Beneficiaries in Oregon

Medicaid Long-term Care

- Medicaid long-term care provides long-term care services and supports:
 - In nursing facilities;
 - And as alternative to nursing facilities:
 - Community-based facilities (assisted living and residential care)
 - Increasingly at home, to support an individual's goal to remain in his or her own home

Medicaid Long-term Care

- In FFY 2010, 37% of Oregon's Medicaid spending was for long-term care (national figure is 34%)
- Oregon ranks 2nd only to New Mexico in proportion of Medicaid long-term care dollars spent in home and community-based settings rather than institutions (71% in FFY 2008)

Medicaid Opportunities under Reform

- ACA expands Medicaid eligibility up to 133% of FPL and provides enhanced federal funding for new eligibles
 - 100% federal funding in 2014-16; phases down to 90% in 2020 and after
- Oregon's Medicaid enrollment expected to increase by almost 60% by 2019
- Opportunities for reform and innovation within Medicaid, such as:
 - Integration of care for dual eligibles
 - Patient-centered primary care homes
 - Bundled payments for episodes of care
 - Pediatric accountable care organizations