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State Estimates of Substance Use and Mental Health from the 2005-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health

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2006 State Estimates of Substance Use & Mental Health

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- [State Data Tables contain the following data:](#)
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 - Illicit Drugs; Alcohol; Tobacco Products
 - Dependence/Abuse
 - Treatment Gap
 - Serious Psychological Distress
 - Major Depressive Episode

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Table 75. Selected Drug Use, Perceptions of Great Risk, Average Annual Marijuana Initiates, Past Year Substance Dependence or Abuse, Needing But Not Receiving Treatment, Serious Psychological Distress, and Having at Least One Major Depressive Episode in Oregon, by Age Group: Estimated Numbers (in Thousands), Annual Averages Based on 2005-2006 NSDUHs

Measure	Total 12 or Older	AGE GROUP		
		12-17	18-25	26 or Older
ILLICIT DRUGS				
Past Month Illicit Drug Use ¹	295	34	87	174
Past Year Marijuana Use	408	53	130	224
Past Month Marijuana Use	242	25	73	144
Past Month Use of Illicit Drugs Other Than Marijuana ¹	116	15	40	61
Past Year Cocaine Use	59	6	23	29
Past Year Nonmedical Pain Reliever Use	165	24	51	89
Perception of Great Risk of Smoking Marijuana Once a Month	894	86	67	740
Average Annual Number of Marijuana Initiates ²	33	18	11	3
ALCOHOL				
Past Month Alcohol Use	1,682	55	240	1,387
Past Month Binge Alcohol Use ³	665	34	156	475
Perception of Great Risk of Drinking Five or More Drinks Once or Twice a Week	1,204	109	117	978
Past Month Alcohol Use (Persons Aged 12 to 20)	130 ⁴	--	--	--
Past Month Binge Alcohol Use (Persons Aged 12 to 20) ³	85 ⁴	--	--	--
TOBACCO PRODUCTS				
Past Month Tobacco Product Use ⁵	834	42	175	618
Past Month Cigarette Use	700	33	154	513
Perception of Great Risk of Smoking One or More Packs of Cigarettes Per Day	2,361	208	281	1,871
PAST YEAR DEPENDENCE, ABUSE, AND TREATMENT⁶				
Illicit Drug Dependence ¹	56	9	22	24
Illicit Drug Dependence or Abuse ¹	81	15	33	32

-- Not available.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach.

¹ Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit Drugs Other Than Marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

² Average annual number of marijuana initiates = $X_1 \div 2$, where X_1 is the number of marijuana initiates in past 24 months.

³ Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

⁴ Underage drinking is defined for persons aged 12 to 20; therefore, the "Total" estimate reflects that age group and not

Measure	Total 12 or Older	AGE GROUP		
		12-17	18-25	26 or Older
Alcohol Dependence	93	7	32	55
Alcohol Dependence or Abuse	210	19	64	126
Alcohol or Illicit Drug Dependence or Abuse ¹	253	26	80	147
Needing But Not Receiving Treatment for Illicit Drug Use ^{1,7}	75	13	30	32
Needing But Not Receiving Treatment for Alcohol Use ⁸	203	18	64	122
SERIOUS PSYCHOLOGICAL DISTRESS⁹	312 ⁹	--	82	230
HAVING AT LEAST ONE MAJOR DEPRESSIVE EPISODE¹⁰	216 ¹⁰	24	44	171

-- Not available.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach.

¹ Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit Drugs Other Than Marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

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⁴ Underage drinking is defined for persons aged 12 to 20; therefore, the "Total" estimate reflects that age group and not persons 12 or older.

⁵ Tobacco Products include cigarettes, smokeless tobacco (i.e., chewing tobacco or snuff), cigars, or pipe tobacco.

⁶ Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

⁷ Needing But Not Receiving Treatment refers to respondents classified as needing treatment for illicit drugs, but not receiving treatment for an illicit drug problem at a specialty facility (i.e., drug and alcohol rehabilitation facilities [inpatient or outpatient], hospitals [inpatient only], and mental health centers).

⁸ Needing But Not Receiving Treatment refers to respondents classified as needing treatment for alcohol, but not receiving treatment for an alcohol problem at a specialty facility (i.e., drug and alcohol rehabilitation facilities [inpatient or outpatient], hospitals [inpatient only], and mental health centers).

⁹ Serious psychological distress (SPD) is defined as having a score of 13 or higher on the K6 scale. Because of questionnaire changes, these estimates are not comparable with estimates from the 2002-2003 and 2003-2004 State reports, the 2002-2004 substate report, and the 2004 and earlier national results reports. For details, see Section A.8 in Appendix A of the report on State estimates of substance use from the 2005-2006 NSDUHs. Data for SPD are not defined for 12 to 17 year olds; therefore, the "Total" estimate reflects those aged 18 or older.

¹⁰ Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the DSM-IV. Due to minor wording differences in the questions in the adult and adolescent MDE modules, data from youths aged 12 to 17 were not combined with data from persons aged 18 or older to get an overall estimate (i.e., for those aged 12 or older). Therefore, the "Total" estimate reflects those aged 18 or older.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2005 and 2006.

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Table 76. Selected Drug Use, Perceptions of Great Risk, Average Annual Rates of First Use of Marijuana, Past Year Substance Dependence or Abuse, Needing But Not Receiving Treatment, Serious Psychological Distress, and Having at Least One Major Depressive Episode in Oregon, by Age Group: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2005-2006 NSDUHs

Measure	Total 12 or Older	AGE GROUP		
		12-17	18-25	26 or Older
ILLICIT DRUGS				
Past Month Illicit Drug Use ¹	9.58	11.26	22.01	7.32
Past Year Marijuana Use	13.25	17.98	32.92	9.41
Past Month Marijuana Use	7.86	8.36	18.45	6.05
Past Month Use of Illicit Drugs Other Than Marijuana ¹	3.78	5.15	10.04	2.58
Past Year Cocaine Use	1.91	2.01	5.93	1.23
Past Year Nonmedical Pain Reliever Use	5.35	8.05	13.01	3.75
Perception of Great Risk of Smoking Marijuana Once a Month	29.06	28.98	17.05	31.06
Average Annual Rate of First Use of Marijuana ²	2.06	7.23	7.11	0.25
ALCOHOL				
Past Month Alcohol Use	54.67	18.43	60.71	58.18
Past Month Binge Alcohol Use ³	21.61	11.37	39.52	19.92
Perception of Great Risk of Drinking Five or More Drinks Once or Twice a Week	39.13	36.51	29.54	41.05
Past Month Alcohol Use (Persons Aged 12 to 20)	29.27 ⁴	--	--	--
Past Month Binge Alcohol Use (Persons Aged 12 to 20) ³	19.22 ⁴	--	--	--
TOBACCO PRODUCTS				
Past Month Tobacco Product Use ⁵	27.12	14.16	44.18	25.91
Past Month Cigarette Use	22.77	11.10	39.00	21.53
Perception of Great Risk of Smoking One or More Packs of Cigarettes Per Day	76.74	70.05	71.14	78.50
PAST YEAR DEPENDENCE, ABUSE, AND TREATMENT⁶				
Illicit Drug Dependence ¹	1.81	3.16	5.69	1.01

-- Not available.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach.

¹ Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit Drugs Other Than Marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

² Average annual rate = $100 * \{ [X_1 \div (0.5 * X_1 + X_2)] \div 2 \}$, where X_1 is the number of marijuana initiates in past 24 months and X_2 is the number of persons who never used marijuana. Both of the computation components, X_1 and X_2 , are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach. Note that the age group is based on a respondent's age at the time of the interview, not his or her age at first use.

³ Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Measure	Total 12 or Older	AGE GROUP		
		12-17	18-25	26 or Older
Illicit Drug Dependence or Abuse ¹	2.61	5.10	8.34	1.36
Alcohol Dependence	3.03	2.30	8.02	2.30
Alcohol Dependence or Abuse	6.81	6.41	16.29	5.29
Alcohol or Illicit Drug Dependence or Abuse ¹	8.22	8.76	20.13	6.19
Needing But Not Receiving Treatment for Illicit Drug Use ^{1,7}	2.43	4.46	7.57	1.32
Needing But Not Receiving Treatment for Alcohol Use ⁸	6.60	6.01	16.09	5.11
SERIOUS PSYCHOLOGICAL DISTRESS⁹	11.24 ⁹	--	20.77	9.66
HAVING AT LEAST ONE MAJOR DEPRESSIVE EPISODE¹⁰	7.76 ¹⁰	8.13	11.17	7.19

-- Not available.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach.

¹ Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit Drugs Other Than Marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

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⁷ Needing But Not Receiving Treatment refers to respondents classified as needing treatment for illicit drugs, but not receiving treatment for an illicit drug problem at a specialty facility (i.e., drug and alcohol rehabilitation facilities [inpatient or outpatient], hospitals [inpatient only], and mental health centers).

⁸ Needing But Not Receiving Treatment refers to respondents classified as needing treatment for alcohol, but not receiving treatment for an alcohol problem at a specialty facility (i.e., drug and alcohol rehabilitation facilities [inpatient or outpatient], hospitals [inpatient only], and mental health centers).

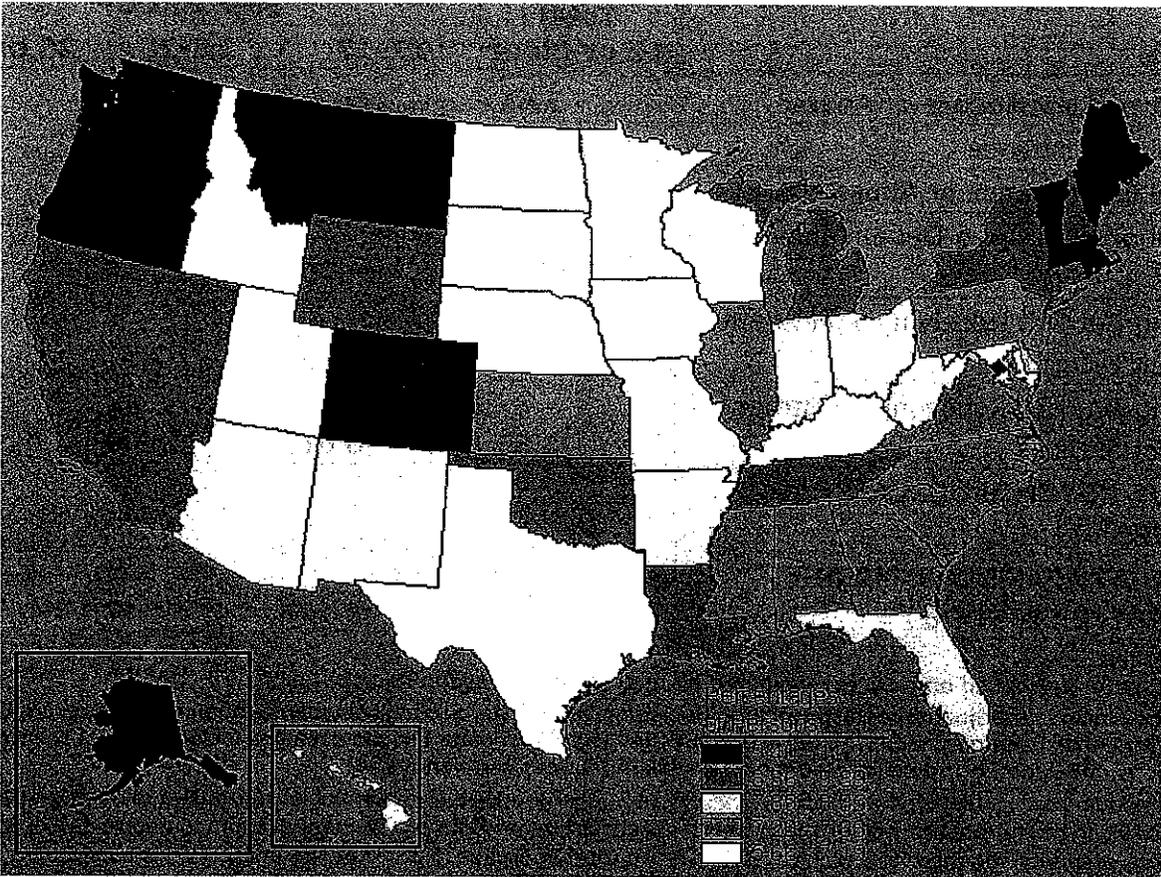
⁹ Serious psychological distress (SPD) is defined as having a score of 13 or higher on the K6 scale. Because of questionnaire changes, these estimates are not comparable with estimates from the 2002-2003 and 2003-2004 State reports, the 2002-2004 substater report, and the 2004 and earlier national results reports. For details, see Section A.8 in Appendix A of the report on State estimates of substance use from the 2005-2006 NSDUHs. Data for SPD are not defined for 12 to 17 year olds; therefore, the "Total" estimate reflects those aged 18 or older.

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Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2005 and 2006.

Below is a map, [click here](#) for the text describing this map.

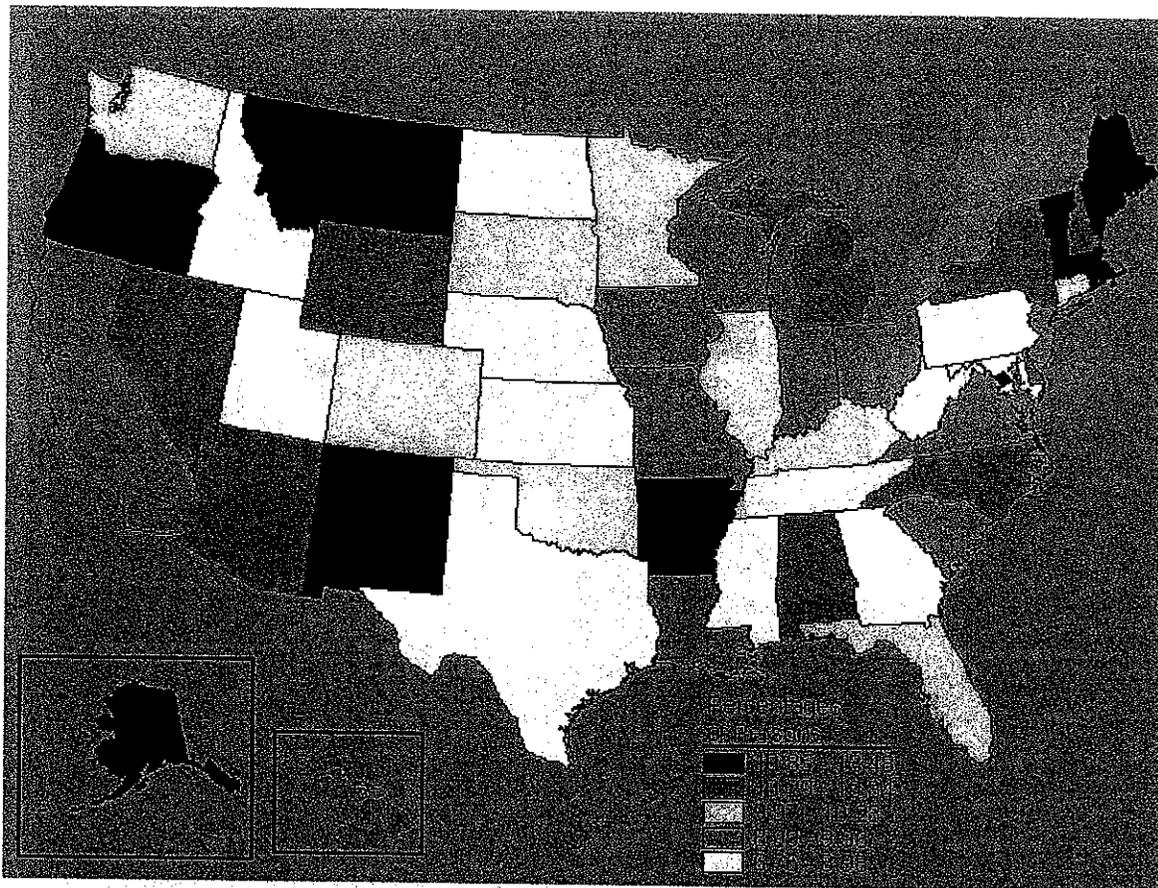
Figure 2.1 - - Illicit Drug Use in Past Month among Persons Aged 12 or Older by State: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2005 and 2006 NSDUHs



Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2005 and 2006.

Below is a map, [click here](#) for the text describing this map.

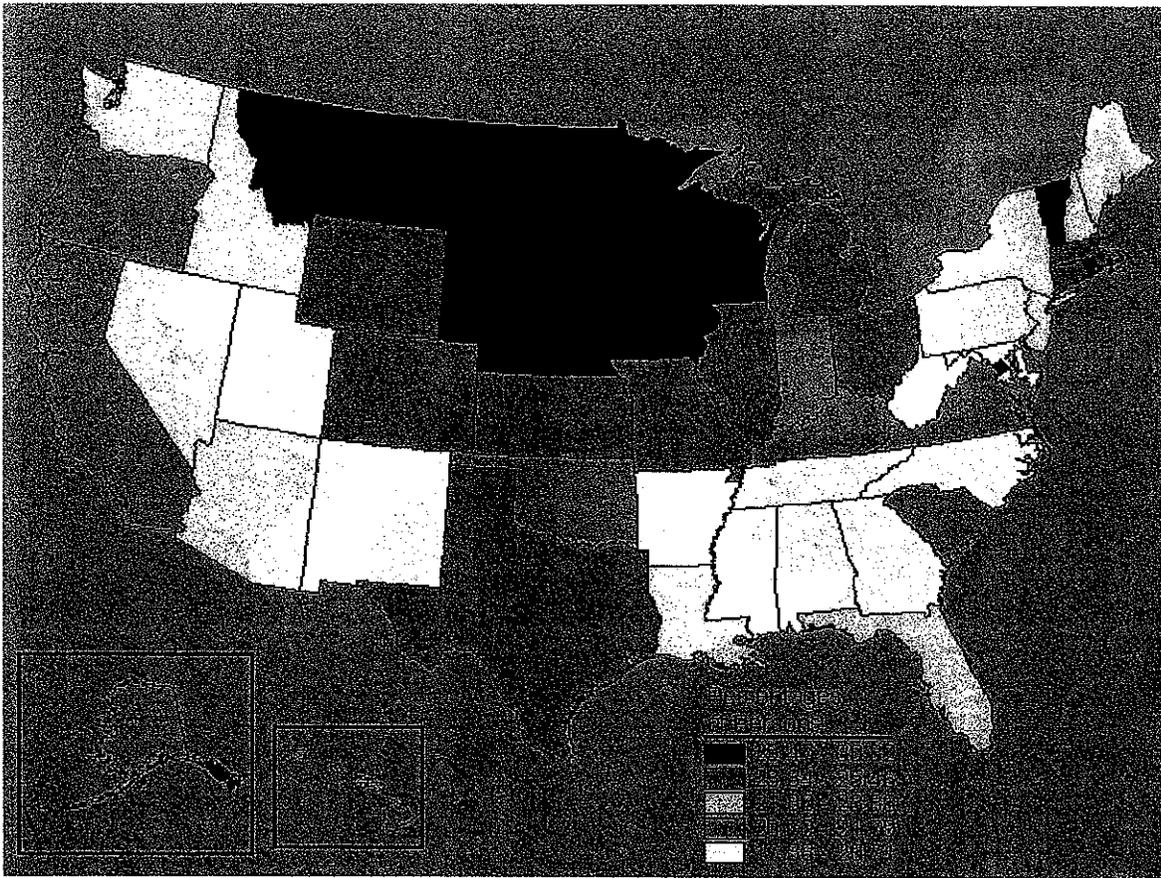
Figure 2.2 - - Illicit Drug Use in Past Month among Youths Aged 12 to 17 by State: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2005 and 2006 NSDUHs



Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2005 and 2006.

Below is a map, [click here](#) for the text describing this map.

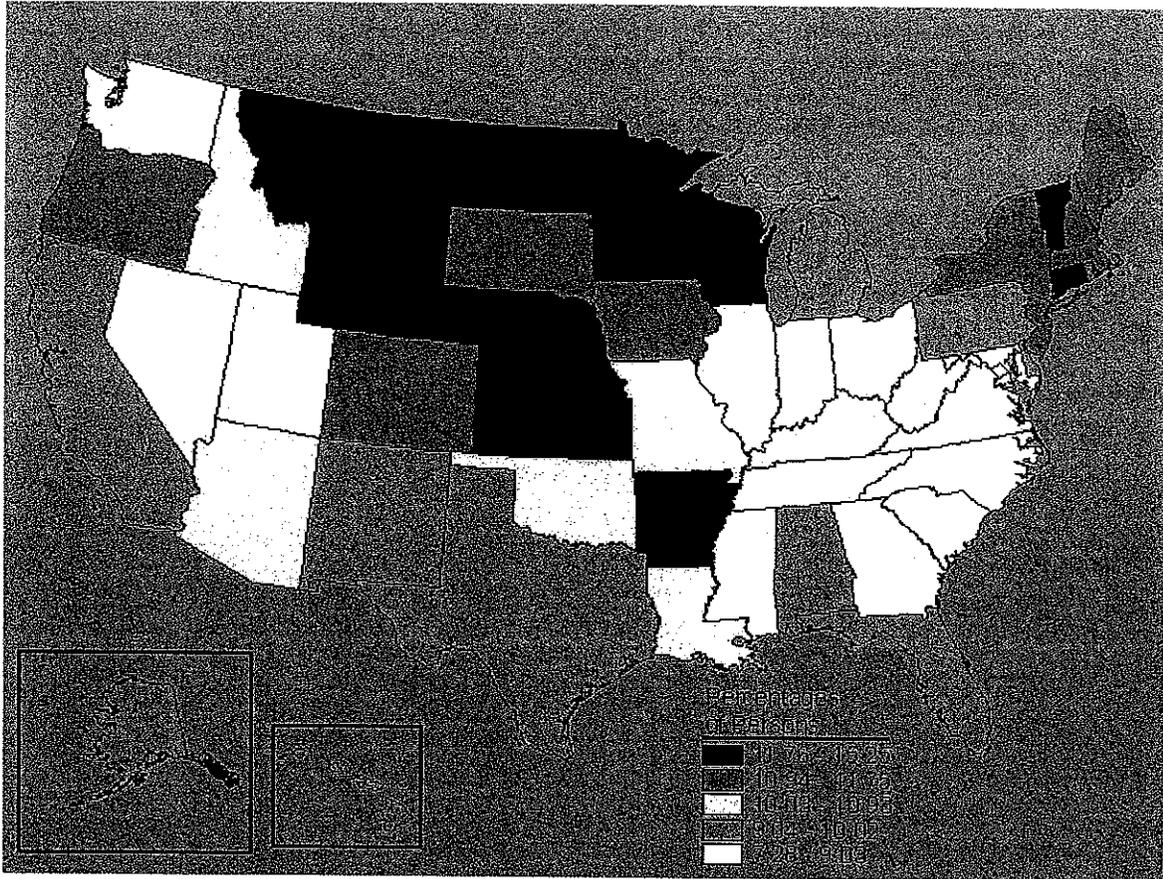
Figure 3.5 - - Binge Alcohol Use in Past Month among Persons Aged 12 or Older by State: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2005 and 2006 NSDUHs



Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2005 and 2006.

Below is a map, [click here](#) for the text describing this map.

Figure 3.6 - - Binge Alcohol Use in Past Month among Youths Aged 12 to 17 by State: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2005 and 2006 NSDUHs



Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2005 and 2006.

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SAMHSA, an agency in the Department of Health and Human Services, is the Federal Government's lead agency for improving the quality and availability of substance abuse prevention, addiction treatment, and mental health services in the United States.

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