

## **Distribution of Emergency Medication**

### **855-041-2300**

#### **Purpose and Scope**

The purpose of OAR 855-041-2300 through 855-041-2330 is to define the procedures for distributing emergency medication to certain authorized individuals for the use in emergency health circumstances. The authorized person is someone who has been trained under the guidelines set forth in OAR 333-055-0110.

Stat. Auth: ORS 689.205 & OL 2013, Ch. 340

Stats. Implemented: ORS 689.155 & OL 2013, Ch. 340

### **855-041-2310**

#### **Definitions**

The following words and terms, when used in OAR 855-041-2300 through 855-041-2330 shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.

- (1) “Allergic reaction” means a medical condition caused by exposure to an allergen, with physical symptoms that may be life threatening, ranging from localized itching to severe anaphylactic shock and death.
- (2) “Authorization to Obtain Epinephrine” means a certificate that contains the name, signature, and license number of the supervising professional authorizing the dispensing of epinephrine to the individual whose name appears on the certificate. Additionally, the certificate contains a record of the number of epinephrine orders filled to date.
- (3) “Authorization to Obtain Naloxone” means a certificate that contains the name, signature, and license number of the supervising professional authorizing the dispensing of naloxone to the individual whose name appears on the certificate. Additionally, the certificate contains a record of the number of naloxone orders filled to date.
- (4) “Opiate” means a narcotic drug that contains: opium, any chemical derivative of opium, or any synthetic or semi-synthetic drug with opium-like effects.
- (5) “Opiate overdose” means a medical condition that causes depressed consciousness and mental functioning, decreased movement, depressed respiratory function, and the impairment of vital functions as a result of ingesting opiates in any amount larger than can be physically tolerated.

(6) “Statement of Completion” means a certificate that states the specific type of emergency the trainee was trained to respond to, the trainee’s name and address, the name of the authorized trainer and the date that the training was completed.

(7) “Supervising Professional” means a physician or nurse practitioner licensed to practice in this state who has prescription writing authority.

(8) “Trainee” means an individual who has attended and successfully completed the formal training pursuant to the protocols and criteria established by the Oregon Health Authority, Public Health Division.

(9) “Trainer” means an individual conducting the formal training as directed by the supervising professional and in accordance with the protocols and criteria established by the Oregon Health Authority, Public Health Division.

Stat. Auth: ORS 689.205 & OL 2013, Ch. 340

Stats. Implemented: ORS 689.155 & OL 2013, Ch. 340

855-041-2320

## Epinephrine

(1) A pharmacist may fill an order for epinephrine to be used by trainees to treat an anaphylactic reaction. Trainees must be 18 years of age or older and must have responsibility for or contact with at least one (1) other person as a result of the trainee’s occupation or volunteer status, such as, but not limited to, a camp counselor, scout leader, forest ranger, school employee, tour guide or chaperone.

(2) Individuals must successfully complete a training program approved by the Oregon Health Authority, Public Health Division. Upon successful completion, the trainee will receive the following certificates:

(a) Statement of Completion; and

(b) Authorization to Obtain Epinephrine.

(3) Distribution of epinephrine from a pharmacy to be used for the treatment of allergic emergencies may occur in the following manner:

(a) A trainee may obtain epinephrine upon presentation of the Statement of Completion and Authorization to Obtain Epinephrine certificate to a pharmacy which:

(A) A pharmacist may generate a prescription for, and dispense an emergency supply of epinephrine for not more than one (1) child and one (1) adult in an automatic injection device, as specified by the supervising professional whose name, signature, and license number appear on the Authorization to Obtain Epinephrine certificate.

(B) The pharmacist who generates the hardcopy prescription for epinephrine in this manner shall reduce the prescription to writing, and file the prescription in a manner appropriate for a non-controlled substance.

(C) Once the pharmacist generates the epinephrine prescription, the pharmacist shall write in the appropriate space provided on the Authorization to Obtain Epinephrine certificate, the date and the number of doses dispensed, and return the certificate to the trainee.

(4) The Statement of Completion and the Authorization to Obtain Epinephrine certificate may be used to obtain epinephrine up to four (4) times within three (3) years from the date of the initial training.

(a) Both the Statement of Completion and the Authorization to Obtain Epinephrine certificate expire three (3) years from the date of the trainee's last Oregon Health Authority approved allergy response training.

(b) Upon completion of the training, the trainee will receive a new Statement of Completion and Authorization to Obtain Epinephrine certificate, with a valid duration of three (3) years.

Stat. Auth: ORS 689.205

Stats. Implemented: ORS 689.155

## **855-041-2330**

### **Naloxone**

(1) A Pharmacy may fill orders for unit-of-use naloxone to be used by trainees for opiate overdose emergencies. Individuals must successfully complete a training program approved by the Oregon Health Authority, Public Health Division. Upon successful completion, the trainee will receive the following certificates:

(a) Statement of Completion; and

(b) Authorization to Obtain Naloxone.

(2) Distribution of naloxone from a pharmacy to be used for opiate overdose emergencies may occur in the following ways:

(a) A supervising professional may obtain a supply of naloxone for a program pursuant to a request by the supervising professional and a pharmacy sale by invoice. The pharmacy shall keep the invoice on record for three (3) years.

(b) A trainee may obtain naloxone upon presentation of the Statement of Completion and Authorization to Obtain Naloxone certificate to a pharmacy which:

(A) A pharmacist may generate a prescription for, and dispense up to two (2) unit-of-use doses of naloxone as specified by the supervising professional whose name, signature, and license number appear on the Authorization to Obtain Naloxone certificate.

(B) The pharmacist who generates the hardcopy prescription for naloxone in this manner shall reduce the prescription to writing and file the prescription in a manner appropriate for a non-controlled substance.

(C) Once the pharmacist generates the naloxone prescription, the pharmacist shall write in the appropriate space provided on the Authorization to Obtain Naloxone certificate the date and the number of doses dispensed, and return the certificate to the trainee.

(3) The Statement of Completion and Authorization to Obtain Naloxone certificate may be used to obtain naloxone up to six (6) times within three (3) years from the date of the initial training.

(a) Both the Statement of Completion and the Authorization to Obtain Naloxone certificate expire three (3) years from the date of the trainee's last Oregon Health Authority, Public Health Division approved naloxone training.

(b) Upon completion of the training, the trainee will receive a new Statement of Completion and Authorization to Obtain Naloxone, with a valid duration of three (3) years.

(4) The naloxone container must be labeled with the following information:

(a) A statement that the naloxone is intended for use in the Oregon Opiate Overdose Treatment program;

(b) Trainees name; and

(c) Trainer; or

(d) Supervising Professional.

Stat. Auth: ORS 689.205 & OL 2013, Ch. 340

Stats. Implemented: ORS 689.155 & OL 2013, Ch. 340